

Alaska SPCA Volunteer Orientation

Welcome to volunteering with the Alaska SPCA! We are delighted to have you join us and appreciate the time and talents you contribute to helping achieve our mission of ending suffering for Alaska's companion animals. Before we can schedule you for any volunteer opportunities, we need to help you understand the organization, some of our policies, and how you can safely interact with pets.

Volunteers age 18 and over are welcome to contribute across all aspects of our organization. In some situations, minor volunteers age 16 and over are welcomed, as long as they are accompanied by a parent or guardian.

If you haven't done so already, download the Cause Connect app from either Google Play or Apple App Store. You will be using this tool to respond to volunteer opportunities, track your hours, check in and out, and reach benchmarks that are worth prizes. Here are the QR codes to make that app access easiest for you:

Use these QR Codes to download the free app



iPhone / App Store

(right click to save)



Android / Google Play

(right click to save)

We want your volunteer experience with the Alaska SPCA to be safe, rewarding, and meaningful, so we do require that you complete the orientation before you participate in any of the opportunities offered.

General Background and History

The Alaska Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (AK SPCA) was founded in 1955 by a group of volunteer animal advocates committed to making Alaska a better place for companion

animals. We are not affiliated with the ASPCA, although people often think we are. It means that all contributions stay right here in Alaska helping Alaska's pets. The organization was formed in 1955 and is one of the oldest animal welfare organizations in the state. Our mission is to prevent suffering in Alaska's companion animals and we provide services across the state. Our Guiding Principles are The Five Freedoms that you may be familiar with. We believe that all animals deserve freedom from:

- Hunger and thirst
- Discomfort
- Pain, injury, or disease
- Penalty for exhibiting normal behavior
- Fear and distress

To meet that mission, we operate several programs in two different sites. We have a 20-animal shelter, the Adoption Center, located at 8301 Petersburg St.; a foster network to prevent animals from staying in the shelter for extended periods of time; a mobile RV-type clinic for outreach clinics on the road system; a pet food bank and resource center; a veterinary clinic; a pet cemetery near the Nancy Lake State Recreation Site; and an array of public education and outreach activities.

<u>Clinic-AC Connection</u> One of the unique aspects of our business is that we provide onsite veterinary care for the animals that come into our shelter. The vets take turns spending part of an afternoon each week at the Adoption Center (AC) providing wellness exams, assessments, vaccines, and checks on animals receiving some type of ongoing treatment. Additionally, spays, neuters, and other veterinary needs that don't fit into the weekly visits are added to the schedule as we can fit. Our goal is to help animals in our care go to new caring homes vaccinated, spayed or neutered, and have treatment plans for any ongoing issues. You will work closely with Tara McCoy, our Shelter Manager and Greg Oleska, our Lead Kennel Tech if you volunteer at the shelter. We get animals from all over the state, so don't be surprised. Most of our work at the AC is supported by donations with a small percentage (roughly 13%) coming from adoption fees.

Nonprofit Status

The Alaska SPCA a federally designated nonprofit organization. That means there isn't an owner per se, and that profit isn't the motive behind the cost of our services. As a nonprofit we are governed by a volunteer board of directors who are prohibited by state law from accepting compensation, and the executive director, who is the legal representative and leader of the organization. No one at the Alaska SPCA receives a commission for the work we do. Our vets and vet techs all work on a salary or wage basis. We do not pay income taxes as we are exempt and file what's called a 990 with the IRS each year. Those returns are available for review upon

request. Because we are a nonprofit there are specific requirements for management that we must adhere to and some of that impacts your work, particularly how we collect and track payments. We gladly accept donations from the public.

For more information about the organization's history, status or other management issues contact Kelly Donnelly, Executive Director, at kdonnelly@alaskaspca.org

Volunteer Expectations

We are delighted that you're willing to share your time and talents with the Alaska SPCA and the animals in our care. Here are our expectations:

- You will log your hours using either the mobile app or desk top app, checking in and out for your shift.
- You will report to the shifts for which you've volunteered.
- If there is an emergency and you cannot man your shift, you will notify the AKSPCA through the Cause Connect app as soon as possible. Individuals who "no show" for a shift will be placed on the inactive list.
- You will follow directions of your shift supervisor. If you are not sure of something, you will ask. There's no such thing as a bad question.
- You will become familiar with our safety practices, including those that relate to interaction with animals.

SAFETY

This next section informs you of strategies that are in place or techniques for you to use to ensure that you are safe during your volunteer experience. When we consider safety, we are referencing interpersonal and environmental safety, as well as safety with the animals in our care.

Interpersonal Safety

The AKSPCA expects employees and volunteers to behave in a way that reinforces the mission and principles of the organization. Every employee and volunteer must be accorded respect and consideration and feel that the AKSPCA provides a safe and productive workplace.

ALL EMPLOYEES AND VOLUNTEERS ARE PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN HARRASSMENT OF ANY OTHER EMPLOYEE OR VOLUNTEER.

Harassment is defined as sexual harassment of any kind, discrimination on the basis of race, creed, color, national origin, age, sex, marital status, pregnancy, sexual orientation, or physical handicap and includes, but is not limited to, ethnic, racial, sexual, or religious remarks, animosity, unwelcome sexual advances, and requests for sexual favors, or other conduct which does not belong in the workplace, and verbal harassment (derogatory statements or slurs),

physical harassment (assault, physical interference with normal work involvement), visual harassment (poster, cartoons, and drawings), pranks, and innuendoes of or to employees or applicants for positions.

Sexual harassment is a violation of state and federal law. It includes sexually-motivated physical conduct, other verbal or physical conduct, or visual forms of harassment of a sexual nature when submission to such conduct is either explicitly or implicitly made a term or condition of employment, is used as the basis for employment decisions, or when such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an employee's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment.

Environmental Safety

Tobacco and Vaping

Tobacco users are expected to refrain from smoking in or around any AKSPCA property.
 If you do choose to smoke (in your car, for example) we expect you to dispose of cigarette butts in the proper receptacle and avoid smelling of cigarette smoke when returning to the work site. Those who use chewing tobacco are prohibited from spitting on the grounds of any property the Alaska SPCA owns or rents. For individuals who vape, the same rules apply as those for smokers.

COVID and other Public Health Risks

• The Alaska SPCA will abide by all local, state, and federal requirements for protecting public health. That may include masking; limiting client access to facilities; temperature checks; PPE use, and other mandated measures.

Natural Disasters and Emergencies

• In the event of a natural (flood or earthquake) or man-made disaster (fire, hazardous chemical release, etc.) the safety of employees, volunteers, and animals in our care is the number one priority. If building integrity is compromised by the event, animals and employees will be evacuated. Cats and small dogs at the Clinic should be placed in carriers or kennels and removed from the building. Larger dogs must be secured on a slip leash. Given that these animals may be at risk of hypothermia, at least one person must be designated to grab extra blankets to be used to assist in maintaining adequate body temperatures. The evacuation destination could include another unaffected suite in the building, vehicles, or over at another Alaska SPCA site. Please note, the Adoption Center has been designated as an emergency evacuation/recovery site for pet in the Anchorage area. If the event is at the Adoption Center, pets should be loaded into the mobile clinic or van and evacuated to the Woodland Dr. location.

Emergency Closure Information

Alaska has its share of events that might cause an emergency closure. In the event of an
emergency closure due to an event that occurs prior to 6 am, the Executive Director will
notify all employees through the internal messaging system. Volunteers will be notified
through the volunteer app.

General Safety Reminders

- Identify and remember the location of fire extinguishers and emergency exits. NEVER block these areas with materials or equipment.
- Keep floors and walkways free of obstructions and debris.
- Seat belts are to be always worn when driving on business, whether in agency vehicles or personal automobiles.
- When restraining animals over 50 lbs. seek assistance.
- Any person known or observed to be under the apparent influence of drugs or alcohol
 will not be allowed to work, and will be subject to discipline, up to and including
 termination.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics, or store food in areas where animals are handled.
- ALWAYS wash your hands or use hand sanitizer between handling animals to minimize the transmission of disease, and after handling chemicals to avoid potential allergic reactions.
- Non-hazardous spills are to be cleaned up promptly, and a "Wet Floor/Caution" sign placed in the area until the floor is dry. Aisles should be kept clear at all times.
- Report all hazards to your shift manager immediately.

Safety with Animals

The animals you should expect to see in the Clinic are dogs, cats, and rabbits. You will interact with them when they come in for vaccines, exams, surgeries, and procedures. These are all stressful situations and the risk for injury to the pet and employee or volunteer if you are careless is increased. When in doubt, ask a more experienced staff member to assist you. The following requirements are in place to minimize the risk to you and other animals:

- Cats and Rabbits: Must be in a carrier or small kennel. If the owner does not have one, carriers are available for purchase for low cost in the Pet Resource Center. Do not attempt to handle a community (feral) cat.
- Dogs: All dogs must be under control using a slip leash. Dogs can be required to be
 muzzled if there is any indication or history of biting. Animals that cannot be handled
 safely must be returned to the owner. The owner can try to bring the animal back
 another day or make an appointment with their regular veterinarian for sedated
 vaccinations. High risk dogs in for procedures will be marked with a "CAUTION" notice
 on the animal's record and on the kennel in which it is recovering. Do not attempt to
 remove one of these dogs from the kennel. Ask a tech for assistance.

Virus Prevention

We vaccinate to limit widespread disease in the population and protect each individual animal as much as possible, but vaccines are not a guarantee against infection.

Disease can be transmitted in several ways, and we must work diligently to prevent transmission as much as possible. The 5 main modes of disease transmission are:

- Direct contact (one animal to another, such as nose to nose)
- Fomite (indirect) transmission (germ transmission on an inanimate object, such as a mop, hand, shirt)
- Aerosol (in the air, such as via a fan)
- Droplet (sneezing, coughing, less than 1 meter distance transmission)
- Vector(via a flea, mouse, tick)

Common diseases seen in clinic and shelter environments include: feline upper respiratory infection and canine infectious upper respiratory disease (kennel cough). These are spread mainly through aerosol, droplet transmission and through fomite transmission, such as via the hands, feet, and even on clothing of staff and volunteers.

For this reason, please wash your hands (use hand sanitizer) between handling each animal and/or wear disposable gloves. Sanitizer bottles and dispensers are located throughout the areas. You do not have to sanitize your hands between the mother and puppies or kittens in a litter, but you must do so before you interact with another dog or cat.

Other diseases, such as parvovirus in dogs and panleukopenia (the cat form of parvo virus), are spread mainly through fomite transmission of bodily secretions, such as vomit and feces. These viruses are very environmentally hardy and can be difficult to eradicate from the shelter environment if proper sanitation procedures are not in place.

Staff or volunteers who observe animals exhibiting any signs of illness (such as diarrhea, vomiting, sneezing, coughing, nasal discharge etc.) should immediately notify the clinic manager or veterinarian.

IMPORTANT: Dogs and cats with unknown vaccination history, that are ill, or have been exposed to illness are placed in Quarantine rooms at the Adoption Center. Under no circumstances are volunteers allowed in Quarantine Rooms. This is for your safety and the safety of any other animal with which you may come in contact.

Every-day Practices that Help Prevent Spread of Disease

- Report any animal that appears sick to your site supervisor.
- · Wash your hands between animals.
- Do not let animals housed apart interact or touch noses.
- Immediately pick up all feces once a dog has defecated.

- After picking up feces, wash and then disinfect any cement or solid surface.
- Any time you disinfect, rinse or wipe the area thoroughly.
- Wash the laundry and dishes according to the posted written protocol.
- Change trash liners on a regular basis; don't let the trash receptacles overflow.
- Sanitize equipment such as leashes, 'boxdown' boxes; disinfect control poles and pooper scoopers between use.

If we all follow the same procedures the risk of having a disease problem will be greatly minimized.

APPROACHING FEARFUL ANIMALS

When approaching a fearful animal, you should make every effort to be as non-threatening as possible. Remember that a caged animal may not show you signs of fear until it feels cornered (i.e. when you close off the only visible exit path).

- Remember that the animal may PERCEIVE a threat, even though you do not intend to threaten.
- **Move slowly and deliberately.** Quick, sudden, or tentative movements may produce more fearful reactions. Be sure that the animal sees you.
- **Do not make direct eye contact.** While you obviously need to watch where you are going and what you are doing, direct eye contact is very intimidating and threatening to the animal. Look to the side, above the head, or toward the floor.
- Approach at the animal's level. Even if you are not a very large person, you are taller
 than the animal and may seem to loom over it. Crouch down (bending at the knees) or
 kneel or sit on the floor; you should be stable in whatever position you choose. (When
 working with higher cages, try to bring your hand in from the bottom, rather than the
 top, of the cage.
- **Do not reach over the animal's head.** Reach out and touch under the chest or chin, or behind and under the ears, rather than over the head. Allow the animal to sniff your fingers first if he wants to investigate you. (Cats will generally "tell" you where they prefer your finger to touch them; the jawbone is often selected!)

Rushing an animal increases stress for the animal and the situation. Increased stress means more unpredictable circumstances, which lead to dangerous situations. Refer to the Fear Free Scales in the appendix for more information on interpreting stress behaviors in pet.

Bites and Scratches

Animals housed and/or treated by the Alaska SPCA pose a risk to safety, regardless of how affectionate they might appear. There is a risk that a volunteer may be scratched or bitten by an animal. All injuries must be reported using Alaska SPCA Incident Report Form, as well as your supervisor. The following common-sense steps should be taken:

Wash the wound thoroughly with soap and warm water.

- Apply a sterile dressing.
- Report the injury to the site supervisor for further assessment/action.

Depending on the severity of the injury your supervisor may instruct you to seek medical attention at the nearest urgent care facility. If the injury is a bite and it is severe enough to require medical attention, the incident must be reported to the Animal Care and Control. Call 343-8119 to make a report.

The <u>incident must be reported</u> in the patient file as a memo and the owner must be informed. The Executive Director will determine, based on the incident, whether there is an ongoing safety risk to employees or volunteers. Animals deemed a safety risk may be banned from the Clinic. Shelter animals that cannot be safely handled will be referred for review by the veterinarians, Shelter Manager, and the Executive Director.

Safe Body Mechanics

We do not want you to injure yourself while working. Do not attempt to lift an animal or item that is more than 70 lbs. The following guidelines are to be followed when lifting heavy objects:

- **Keep a wide base of support.** Your feet should be shoulder-width apart, with one foot slightly ahead of the other (karate stance).
- **Squat** down, bending at the hips and knees only. If needed, put one knee to the floor and your other knee in front of you, bent at a right angle (half kneeling).
- Keep good posture. Look straight ahead, and keep your back straight, your chest out, and your shoulders back. This helps keep your upper back straight while having a slight arch in your lower back.
- **Slowly lift** by straightening your hips and knees (not your back). Keep your back straight, and don't twist as you lift.
- Hold the load as close to your body as possible, at the level of your belly button.
- Use your feet to change direction, taking small steps.
- **Lead with your hips** as you change direction. Keep your shoulders in line with your hips as you move.
- Set down your load carefully, squatting with the knees and hips only.

Keep in mind:

- Do not attempt to lift by bending forward. Bend your hips and knees to squat down to your load, keep it close to your body, and straighten your legs to lift.
- Never lift a heavy object above shoulder level.
- Avoid turning or twisting your body while lifting or holding a heavy object.
- If you are lifting an animal reach around all four legs with your arms, hold the animal close to your body, and use your knees to lift, not your back.

Report all injuries, no matter how slight, to your supervisor.

You are ready to go!

These are the basics we expect of all volunteers. The Secret Word is Critter (if you've been following the orientation instructions, you'll be asked for it). Specific opportunities may have unique qualifications and you may have to provide documentation or describe your experience to meet that qualification.